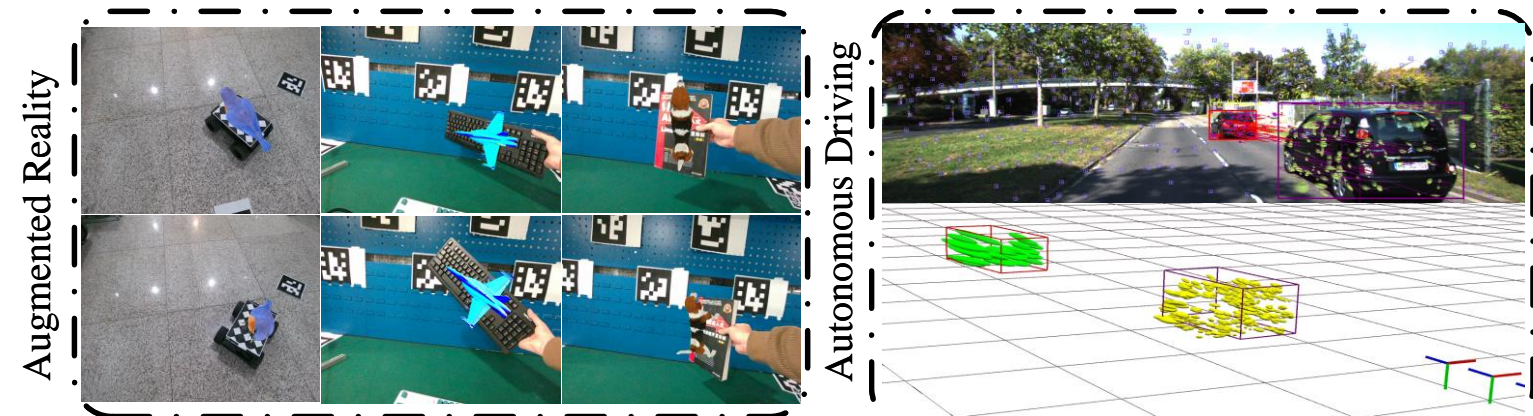


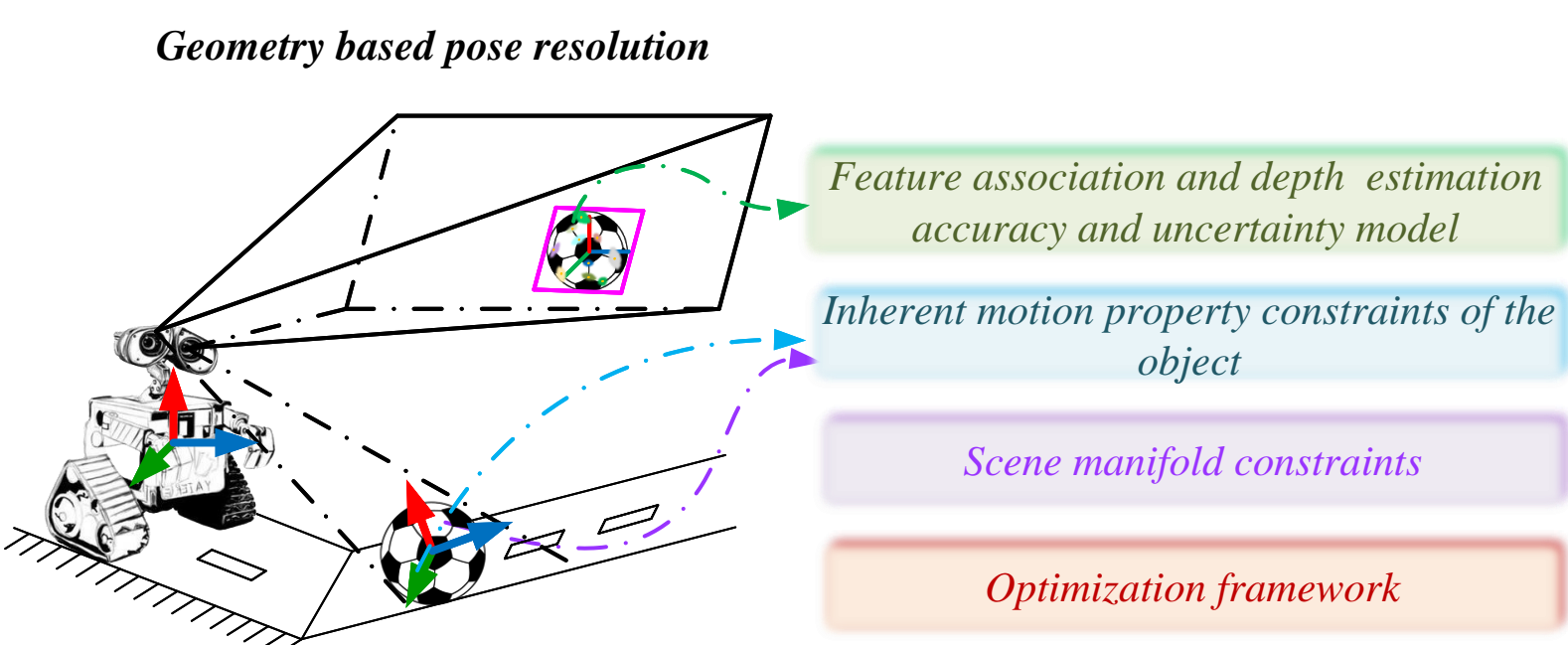
Overview

Task: Simultaneous Localization, Mapping and Moving Object Tracking (SLAMMOT)

Application:



Motivation



Experiment

KITTI Dataset

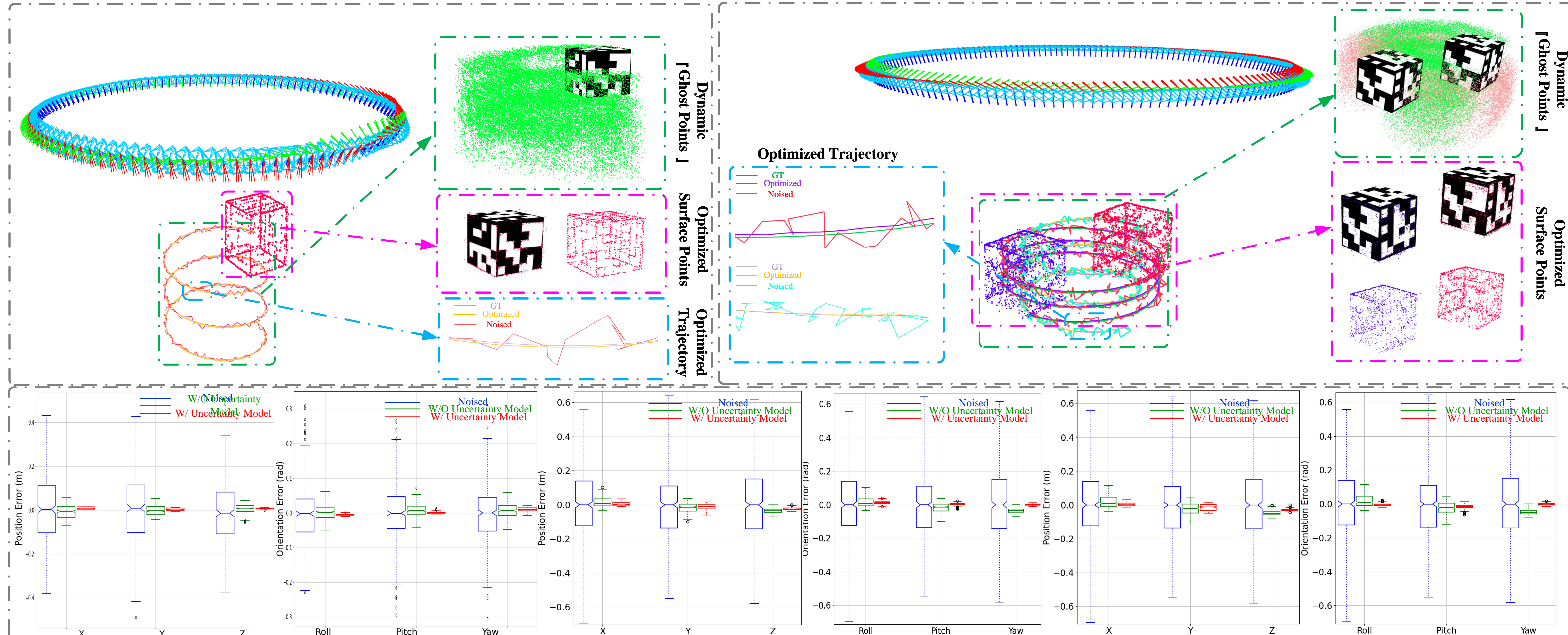
Table I: Camera ego-motion comparison with state-of-the-art systems using the KITTI Tracking Dataset. Best results are highlighted as **first**, **second**, and **third**.

Sequence	ORB-SLAM3(Stereo) [26]			DynSLAM [42]			Li [16]			ClusterSLAM [24]			ClusterVO [25]			Proposed Approach		
	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t	ATE	RPE _r	RPE _t
0926-0009	1.45	0.01	1.81	7.51	0.06	2.17	1.14	0.92	0.03	2.34	0.79	0.03	2.98	1.47	0.04	3.60		
0926-0013	0.30	0.01	0.92	1.97	0.04	1.41	0.35	2.12	0.07	5.50	0.26	0.01	1.16	0.23	0.01	0.81		
0926-0014	0.84	0.01	1.15	5.98	0.09	2.73	0.51	0.81	0.03	2.24	0.48	0.01	1.04	0.81	0.02	2.81		
0926-0051	0.43	0.00	1.08	10.95	0.10	1.65	0.76	1.19	0.03	1.44	0.81	0.02	2.74	0.41	0.04	0.70		
0926-0101	3.47	0.03	13.88	10.24	0.13	12.29	5.30	4.02	0.02	12.43	3.18	0.02	12.78	2.74	0.03	8.20		
0929-0004	0.44	0.01	1.21	2.59	0.02	2.03	0.40	1.12	0.02	2.78	0.40	0.02	1.77	0.36	0.02	1.56		
1003-0047	17.01	0.05	26.86	9.31	0.05	6.58	1.03	10.21	0.06	8.94	4.79	0.05	6.54	1.98	0.03	6.79		

Table II: Object Motion comparison with state-of-the-art systems using the KITTI Tracking Dataset. Best results are highlighted as **first**, **second**, and **third**.

Sequence	DynaSLAM [46]							Twist SLAM [63]							Proposed Approach											
	ATE	RPE _t	RPE _r	2D TP	3D TP	3D MOTP	ATE	RPE _t	RPE _r	2D TP	3D TP	3D MOTP	ATE	RPE _t	RPE _r	2D TP	3D TP	3D MOTP	ATE	RPE _t	RPE _r	2D TP	3D TP	3D MOTP		
0013-01	0.69	0.34	1.84	50	39.34	38.53	48.2	0.31	0.1	0.28	58.02	58.02	60	0.179	0.197	0.035	90.90	66.05	64.55	75.25						
0065-31	0.51	0.26	1.35	28.96	14.48	11.45	34.2	0.35	0.19	0.58	30.84	30.84	35	0.277	0.155	0.013	100	69.33	65.45	91.52						
0010-00	0.95	0.40	2.84	81.63	70.41	68.37	40.28	0.77	0.21	1.98	7.20	6.10	5.80	2.80	0.20	0.151	1.03	100	87.17	86.55	89.65					
0011-00	1.05	0.43	12.51	72.65	61.66	52.28	47.35	0.17	0.23	0.23	29.61	29.61	32.5	0.221	0.254	0.018	100	70.129	66.16	87.39						
0011-35	1.25	0.89	16.64	53.17	19.05	6.35	26.02	0.1	0.03	0.11	65.00	65.00	67.5	0.873	0.714	0.032	85.96	126.2	121.2	76.34						
0018-02	1.10	0.50	9.27	86.36	67.05	62.12	34.8	0.21	0.27	0.66	84.67	84.67	87.5	0.199	0.101	0.042	90.23	88.65	86.94	98.42						
0018-03	1.13	0.55	20.05	53.33	21.75	16.84	35.8	0.15	0.21	0.56	28.19	28.19	30	0.303	0.333	0.635	95.33	81.59	80.46	89.27						
0018-63	0.86	1.45	48.80	35.26	29.48	26.48	33.89	0.28	2.17	1.08	65.93	65.93	20.64	0.95	1.01	0.88	100	28.93	28.45	28.01						
0019-72	0.99	1.12	3.36	29.11	29.43	29.43	39.81	0.16	0.05	0.34	16.92	16.92	20.00	0.78	0.32	0.33	95.56	28.39	28.63	78.22						
0020-00	0.56	0.45	1.3	63.68	43.78	31.84	46.15	0.17	0.2	0.72	84.75	84.75	87.5	0.216	0.169	0.024	88.96	86.36	84.68	91.03						
0020-12	1.18	0.4	6.19	42.77	37.64	36.23	40.81	0.24	0.2	1.54	14.24	13.91	13.04	17.25	0.668	0.154	0.325	100	17.42	17.42	61.66					
0020-122	0.87	0.72	5.75	34.9	34.51	29.02	44.43	0.17	0.02	0.07	84.94	84.75	87.5	1.065	0.991	0.006	97.59	17.26	13.53	81.17						

Simulation Dataset



Realworld Dataset



Conclusion

We introduce an innovative vision-based multi-body SLAM system. We make up rigid environment as a unified whole to assist state decoupling by integrating high level semantic information, ultimately enabling simultaneous multi-state estimation. A novel framework is developed for integrating different complementary constraints. It makes it possible for accurate 3-D motion tracking of arbitrary unmodelled, rigid and textured objects and better performance of VSLAM systems in dynamic scenes. Comparable results to state-of-the-art multi-body state estimation solutions using a public benchmark, self-built simulation and real-world datasets demonstrate the effectiveness of our system.